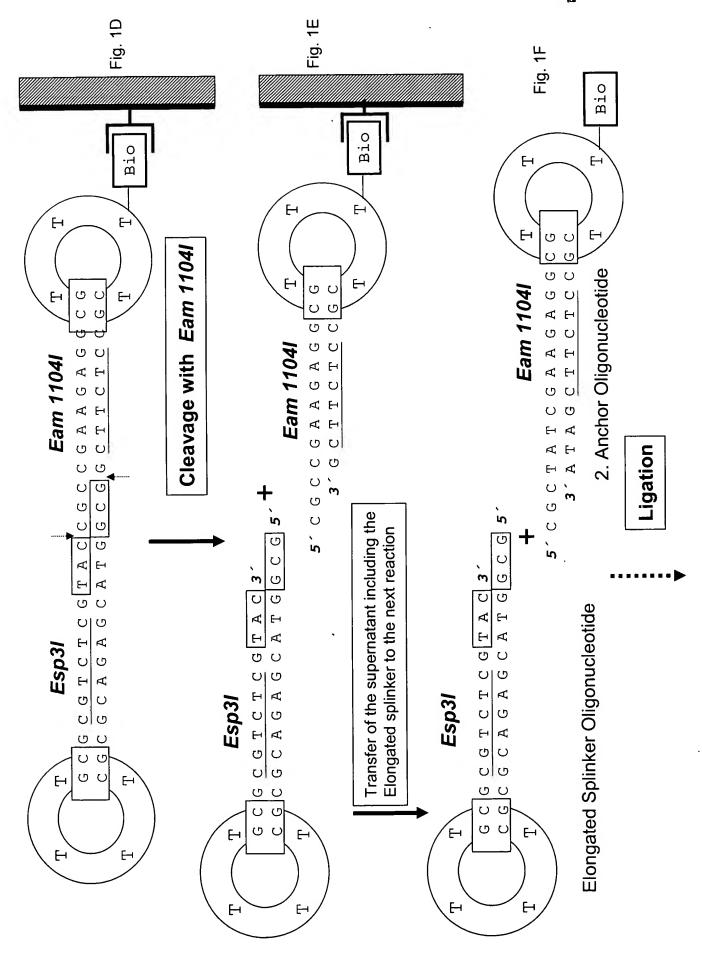


Fig. 1 3nt Overhang elongation

(RSPS Variant 1)



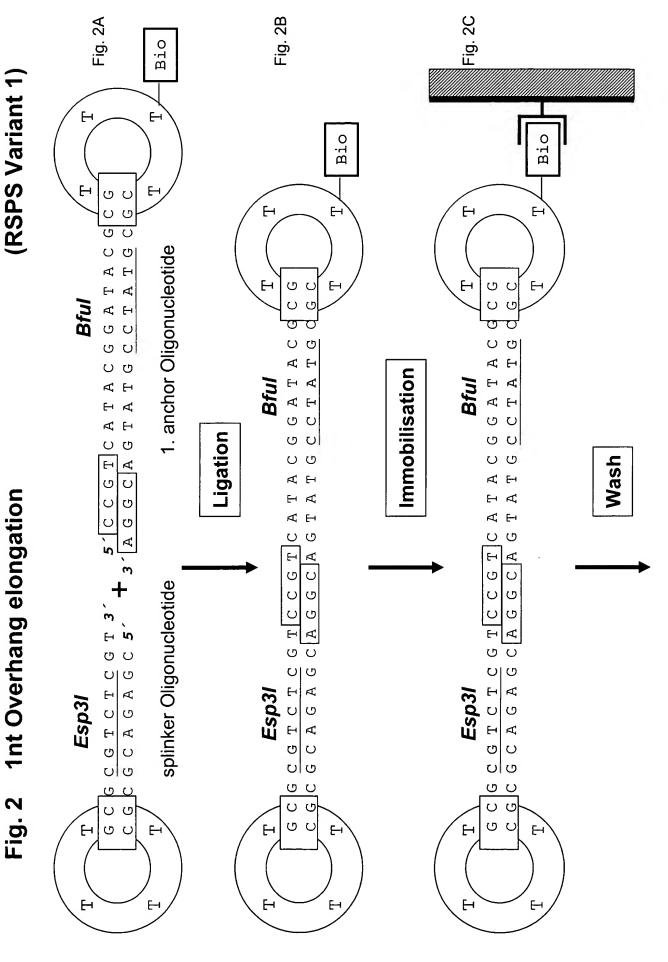
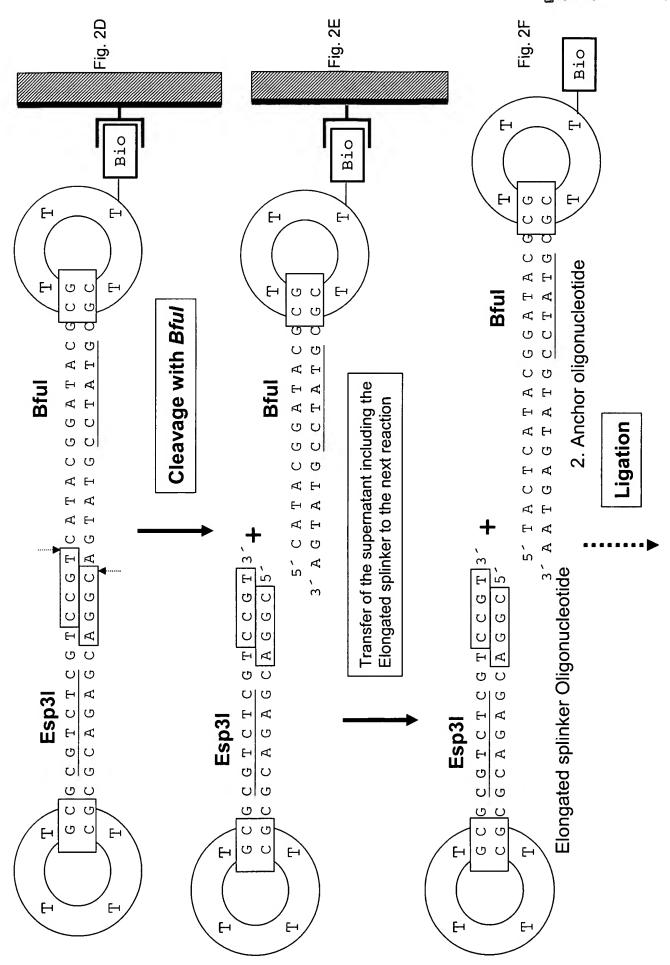


Fig. 2 1nt Overhang elongation



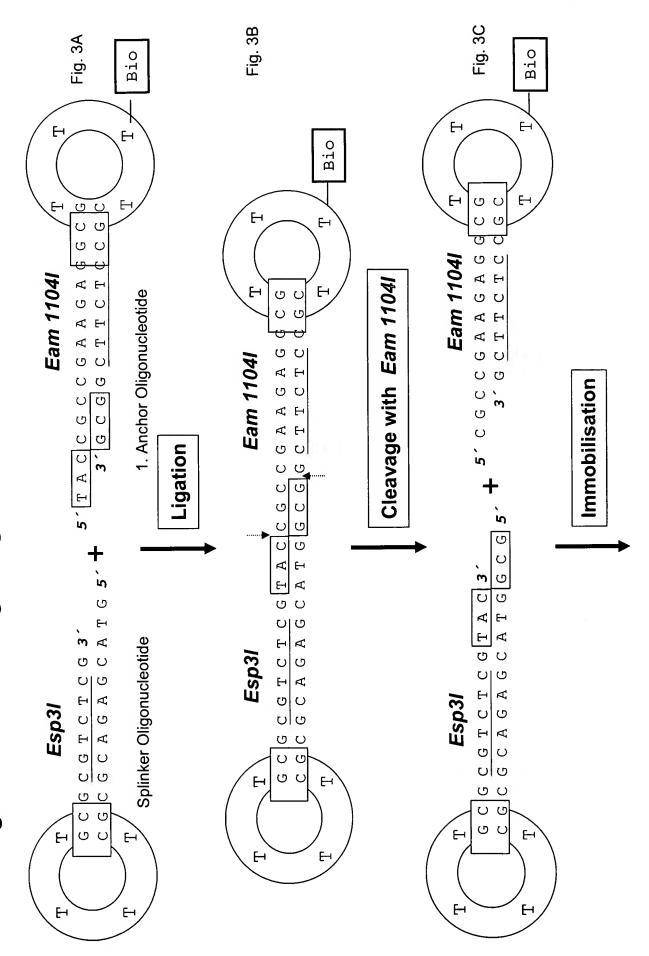


Fig. 3 3nt Overhang elongation

(RLPS Variant 1)

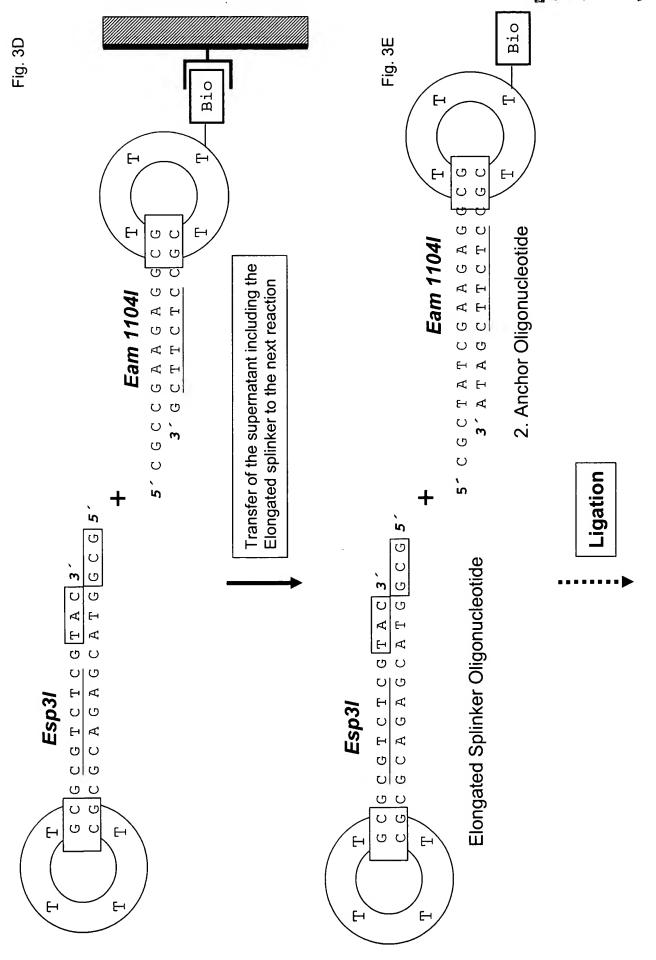
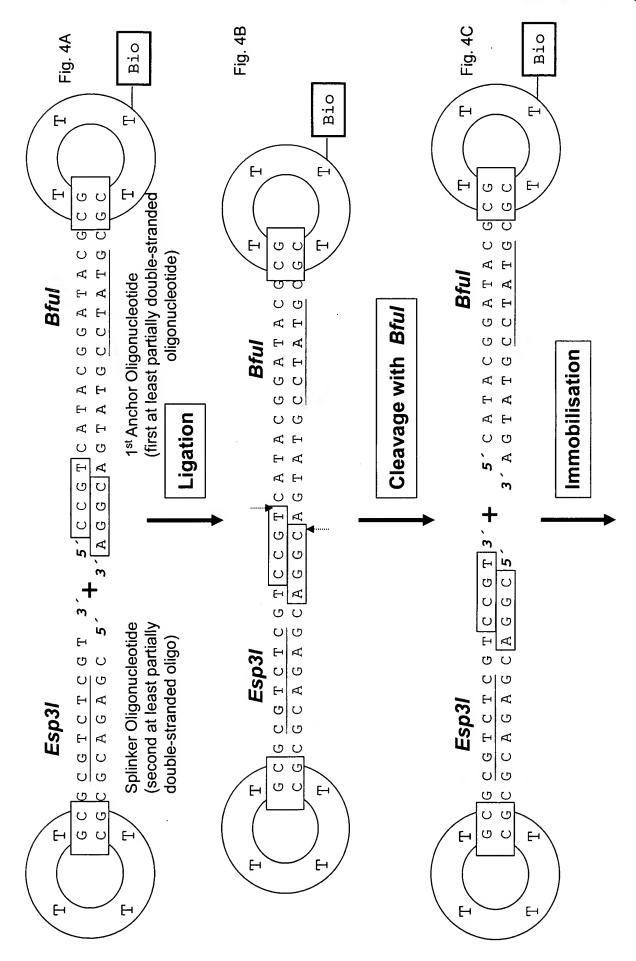


Fig. 4 3nt Overhang elongation

(RLPS Variant 1)



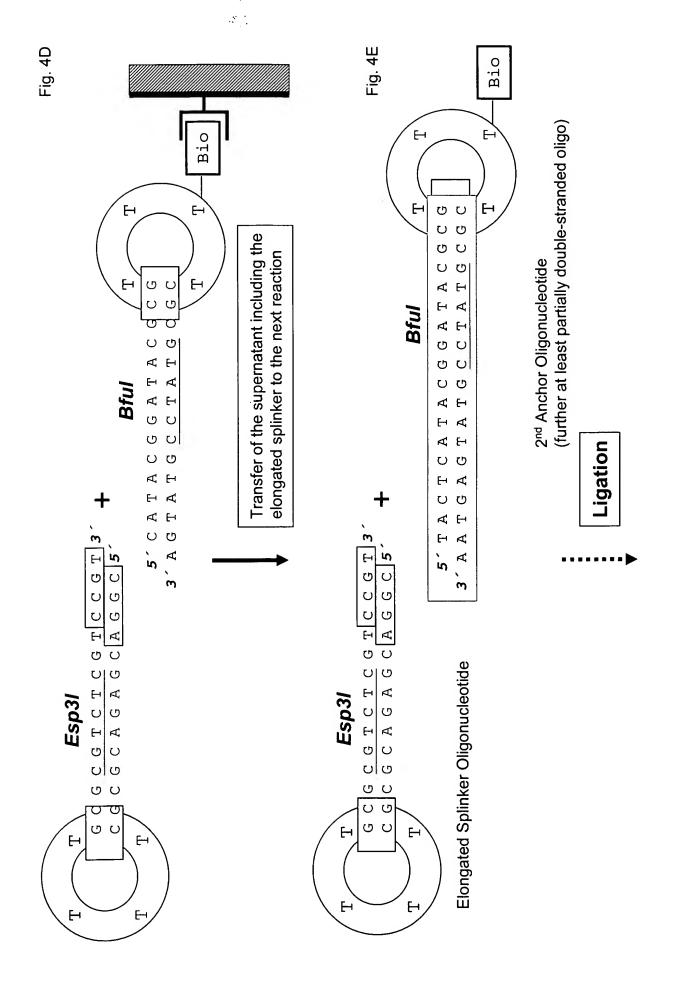
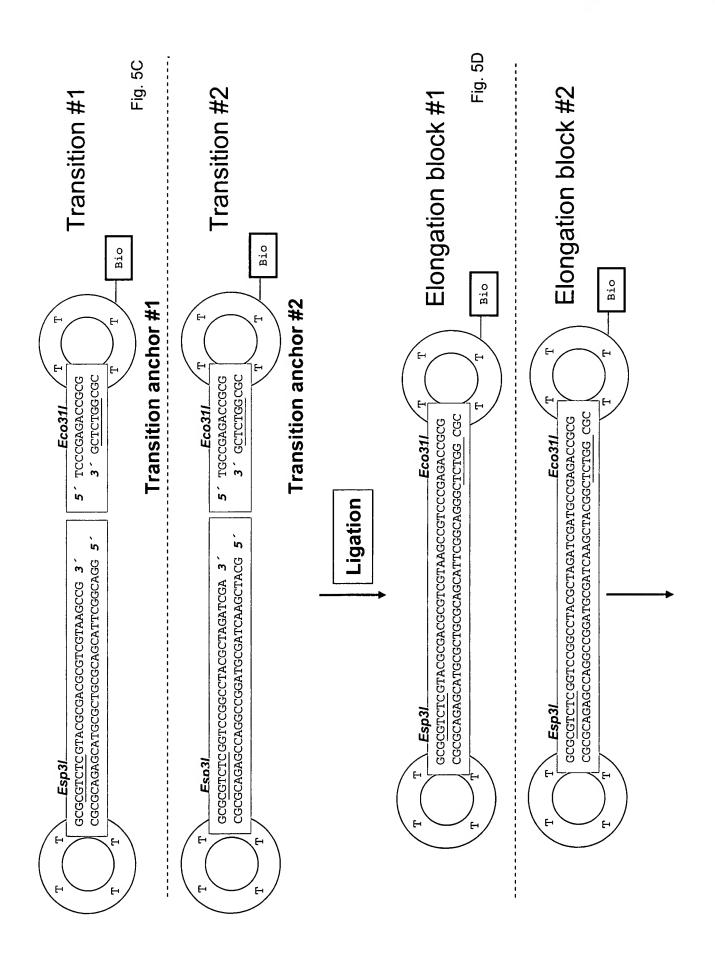
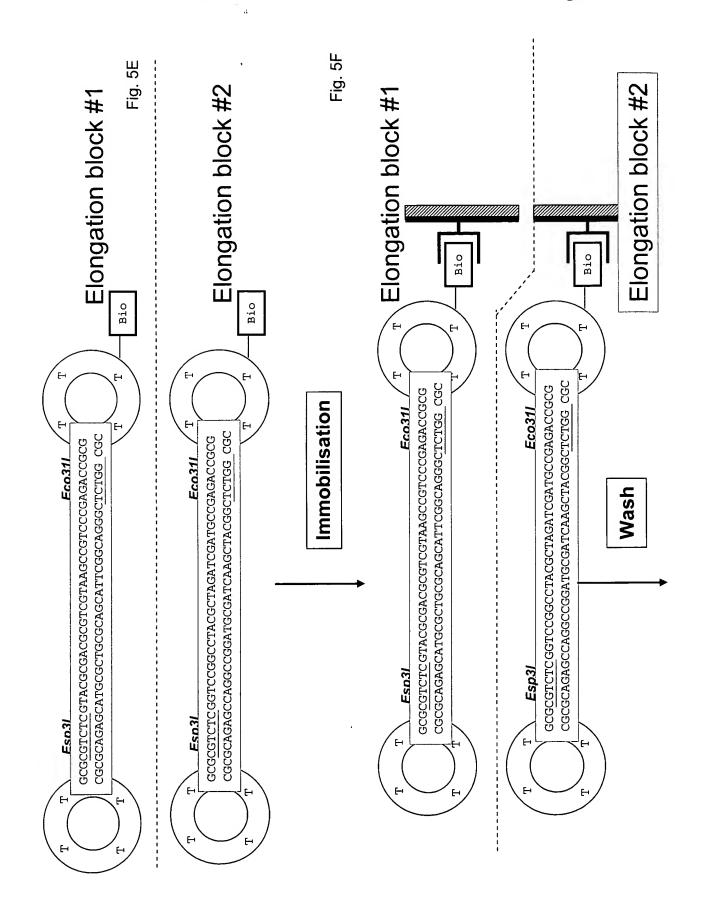
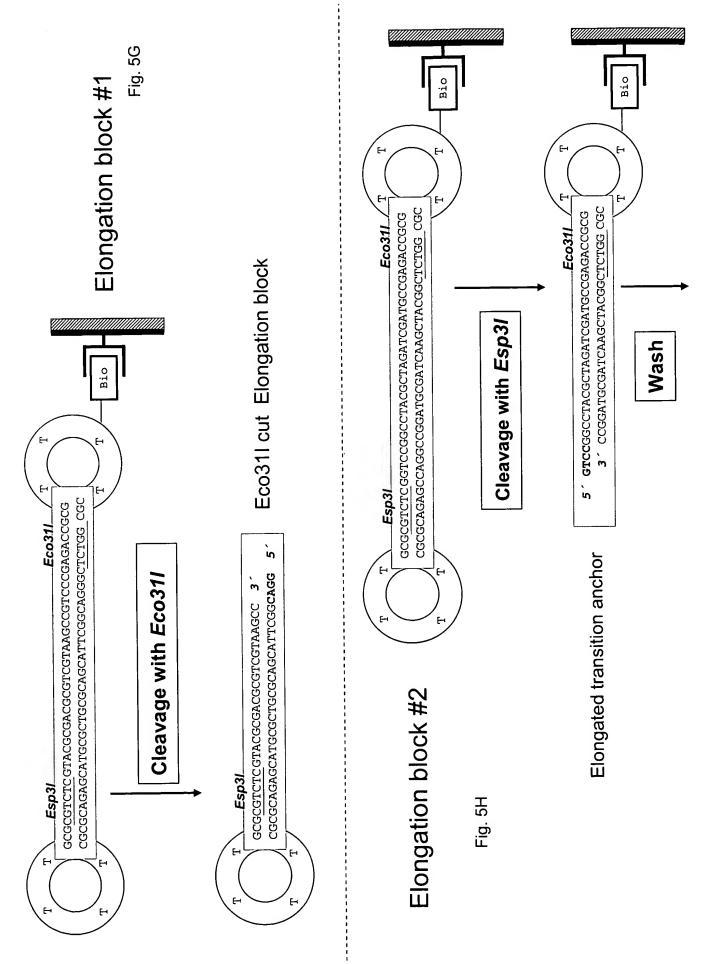


Fig. 5A Fig. 5B product #2 product #1 Elongation Elongation 3 nucleotide overhang at 5' end 3 nucleotide overhang at 5' end Cut elongation product #1 with Cut elongation product #2 with Addition of transition anchor (both RSPS and RLPS) Bio Bio Cleave each with *Eam1104I* and first transposition (3 nt overhang) CGCGCAGAGCATGCGCTGCGCAGCATTCGGCAGGGCTTCTC CGC CGCGCAGAGCCAGGCCGGATGCGATCAAGCTACGGCTTCTC CGC GCGCGTCTCGTACGCGACGCGTCGTAAGCCGTCCCGAAGAGGCCG GCGCGTCTCGGTCCGGCCTACGCTAGATCGATGCCGAAGAGGCCG Eam11041 Eam11041 CGCGCAGAGCATGCGCTGCGCAGCATTCGGCAGG 5 CGCGCAGAGCCAGGCCGGATGCGATCAAGCTACG GCGCGTCTCGGTCCGGCCTACGCTAGATCGA 3 1 GCGCGTCTCGTACGCGACGCGTCGTAAGCCG 3 Esp31 Fig. 5

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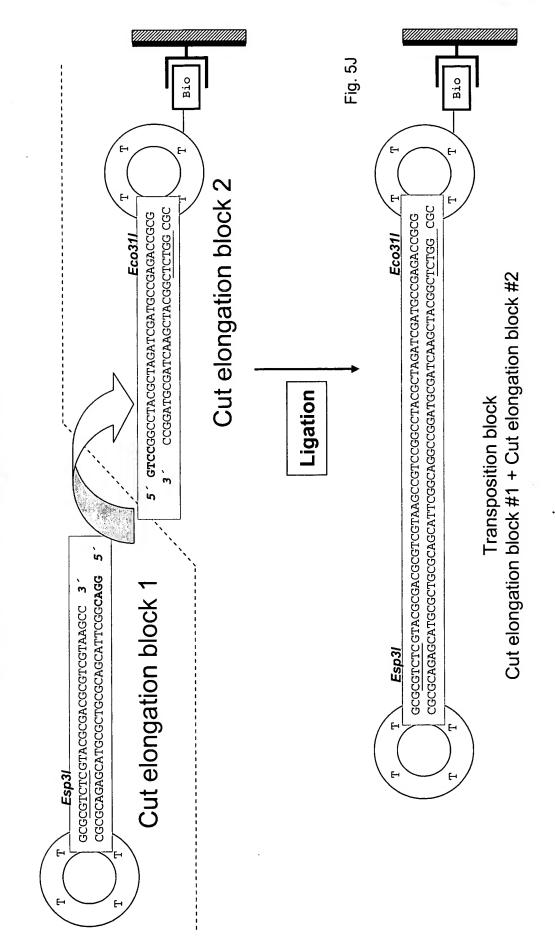
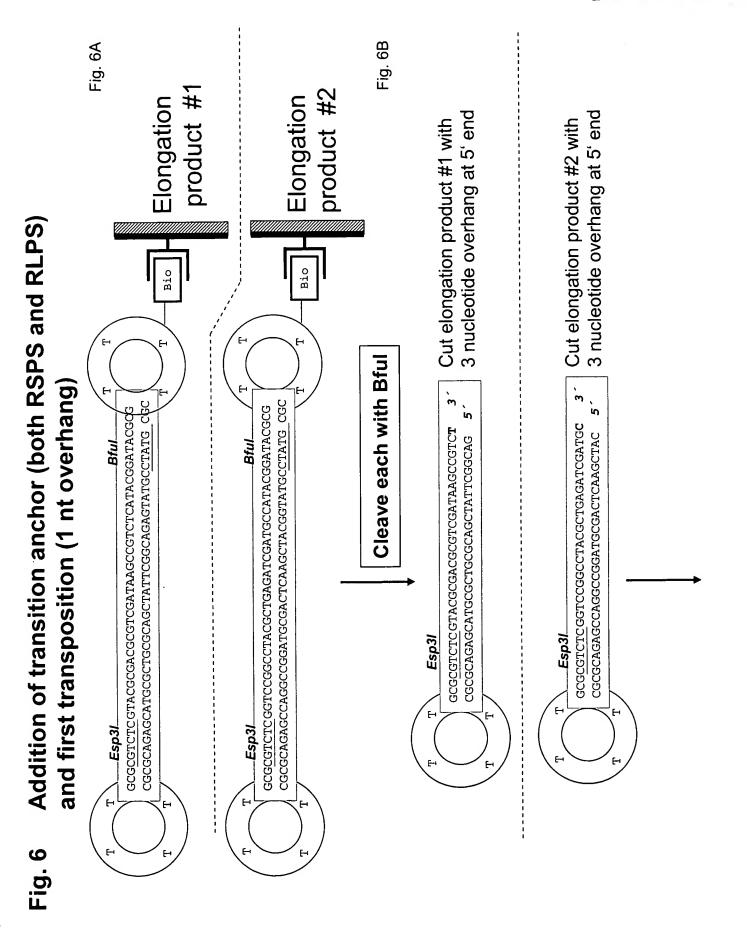
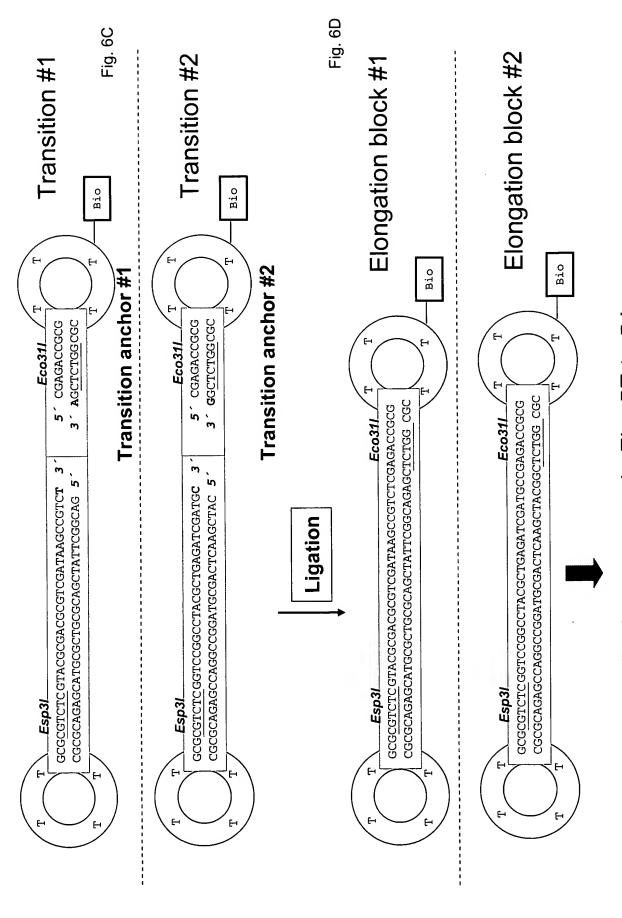


Fig. 51

Transfer supernatant with cut elongation block from

elongation #1 to an elongated transition anchor





Further steps as in Fig. 5E to 5J

Elongation Elongation elongation elongation block #2 block #2 block #1 block #1 Cut Cut Bio Bio Bio Bio CGCCGTCTC GGGACGGCTTACGACGCGTCGCGTACGAGACCCGC GCGGCAGAGCCCTGCCGAATGCTGCGCGCGCGTGGTCTGG GCG GCGCGTCTC GGTCCGGCCTACGCTAGATCGATGCCGAGACCGCG CCGAATGCTGCGCAGCGCATGGTCTGG GCG CCGGATGCGATCAAGCTACGGCTCTGG CGC GGACGGCTTACGACGCGTCGCGTACGAGACCCGC 5 GICCGGCCTACGCTAGATCGATGCCGAGACCGCG Eco311 Eco311 Semi-Inverted Transposition (SIT). Cleavage with Esp3I, wash Esp3/ Esp31 Fig. 7B Fig. 7 Fig. 7A

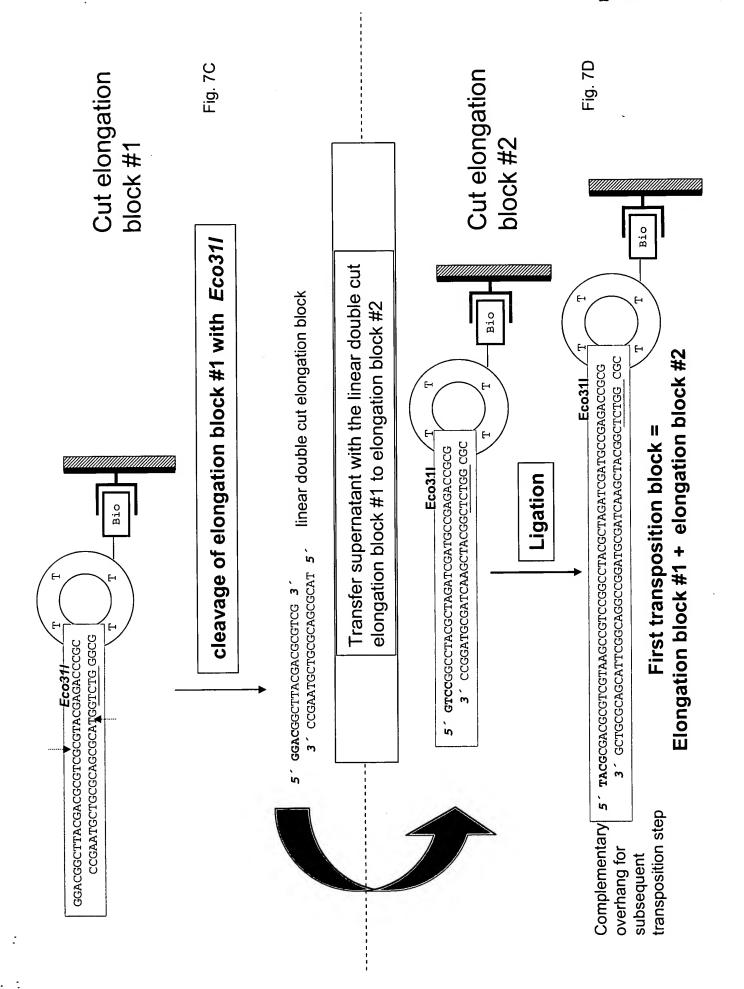


Fig. 8A

Standard elongation reactions with FITC-labelled splinkers and Biotin-labelled anchors

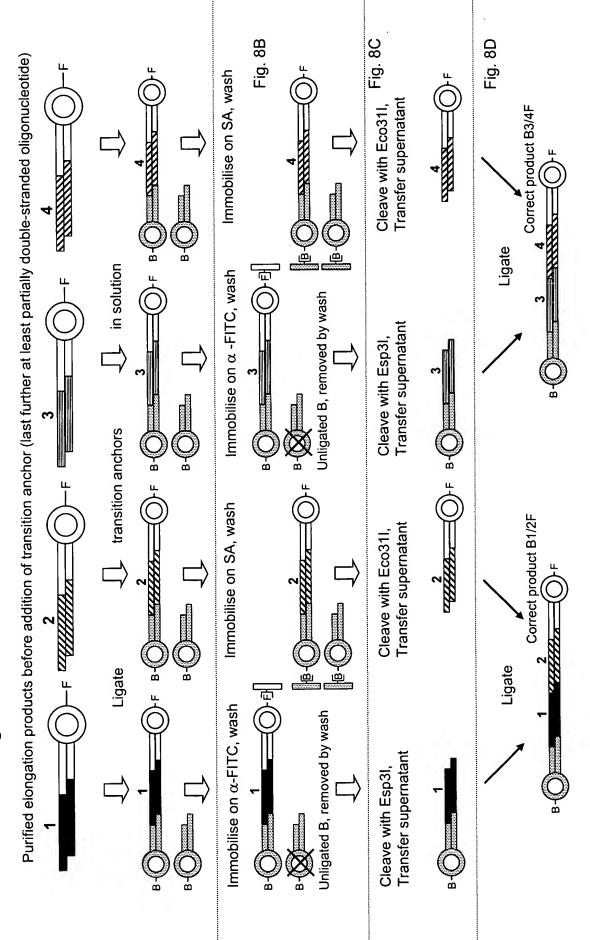
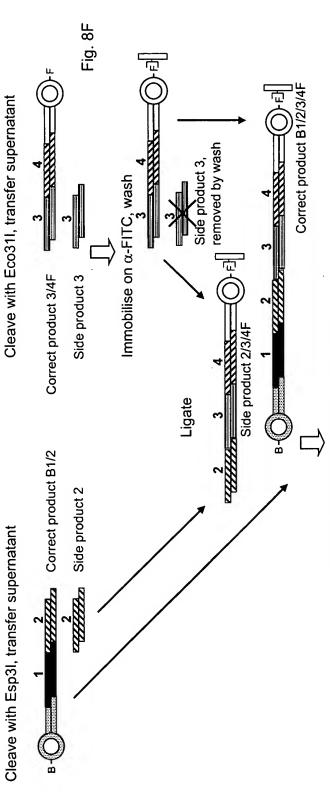
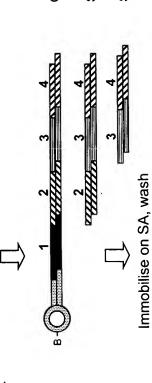


Fig. 8E



Cleave with Esp3I, transfer supernatant

Double selection or pingpong procedure



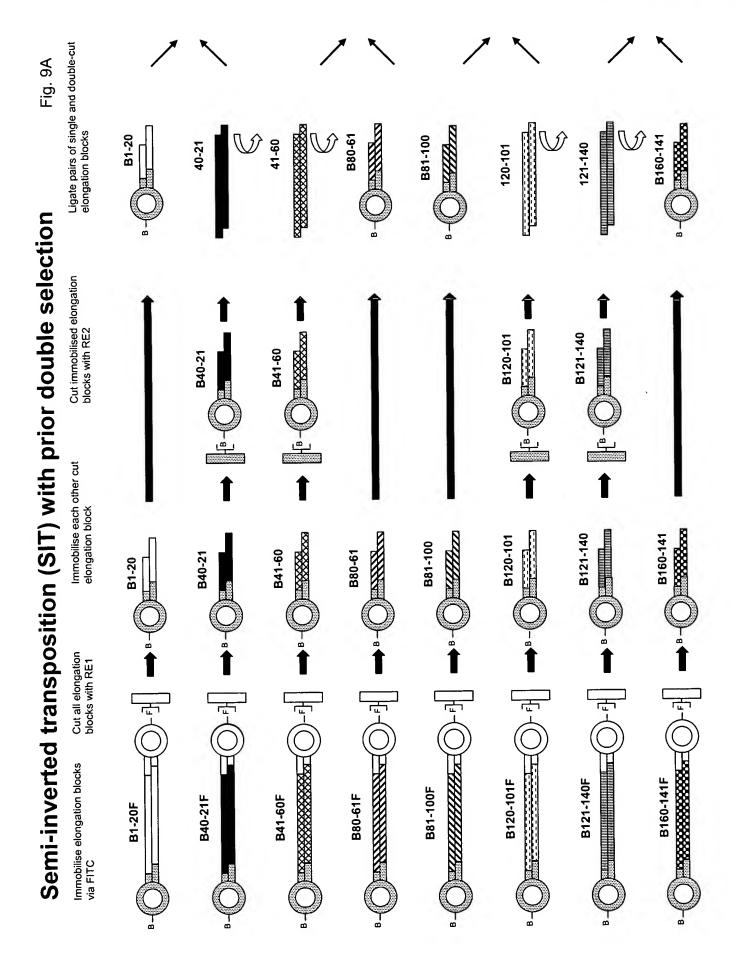
Correct product B1/2/3/4

Side product 2/3/4 arising from ligation with 2

Side product 3/4 arising from non-ligated 3/4F

Side product 2/3/4 removed by wash

Side product 3/4 removed by wash



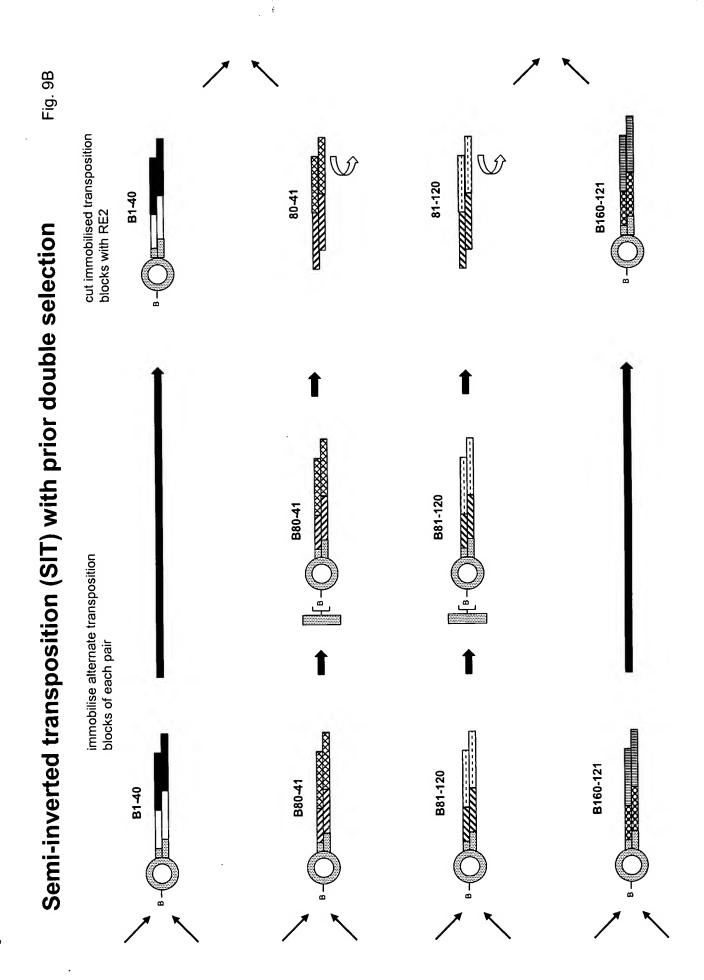
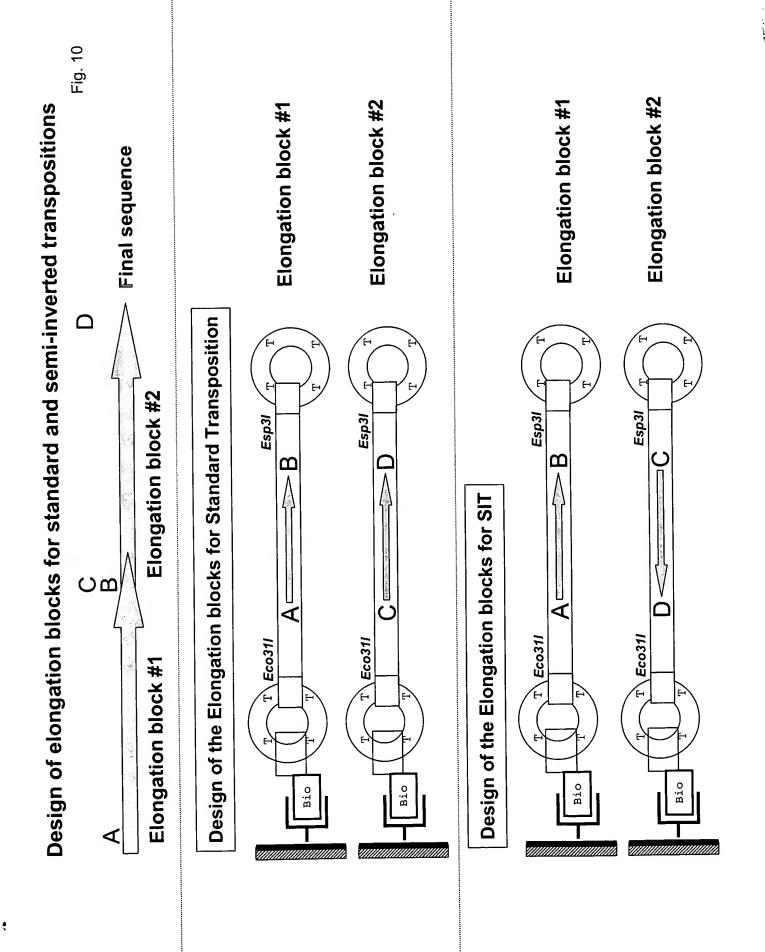


Fig. 9C

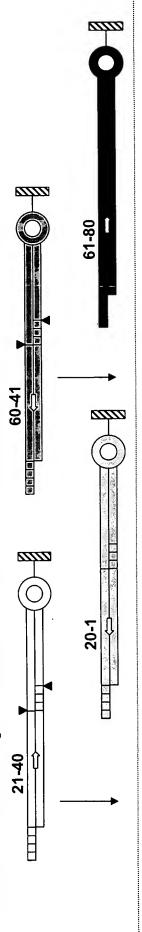


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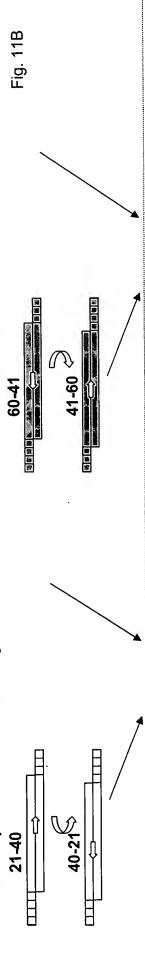
Semi-inverted transposition (SIT) with 3nt/4nt ligation

Fig. 11A

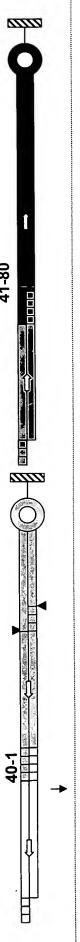
1. cleave all immobilised elongation blocks with RE specific for second at least partially double-stranded oligonucleotide



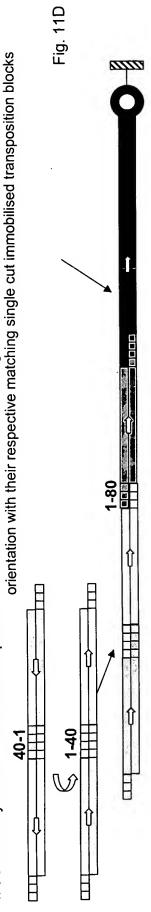
2. cleave every other cut immobilised elongation block with RE specific for further at least partially double-stranded oligonucleotide



3. ligate double cut elongation blocks in inverse orientation with the respective matching single cut immobilised elongation blocks Fig. 11C



4. cleave every other immobilised transposition block with the same RE as before, ligate double cut transposition blocks in reverse



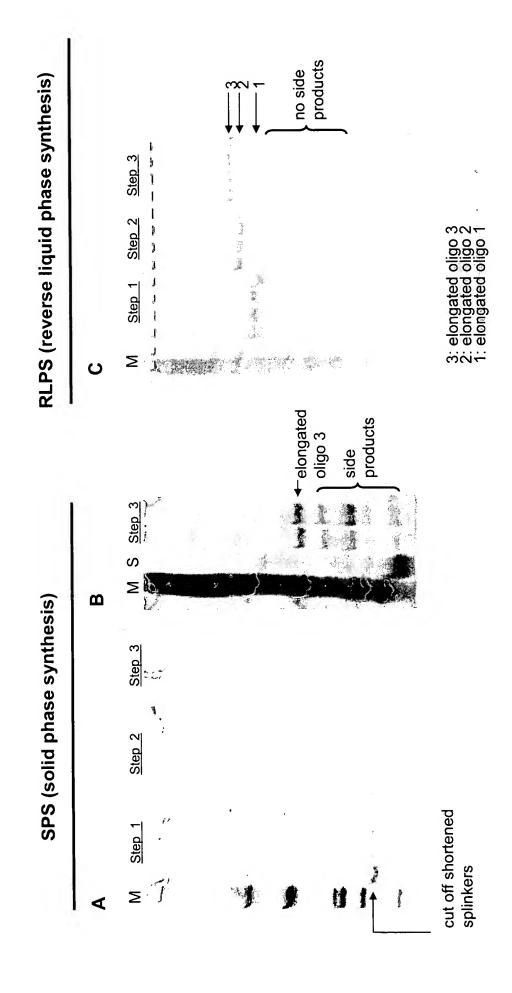


Fig. 12